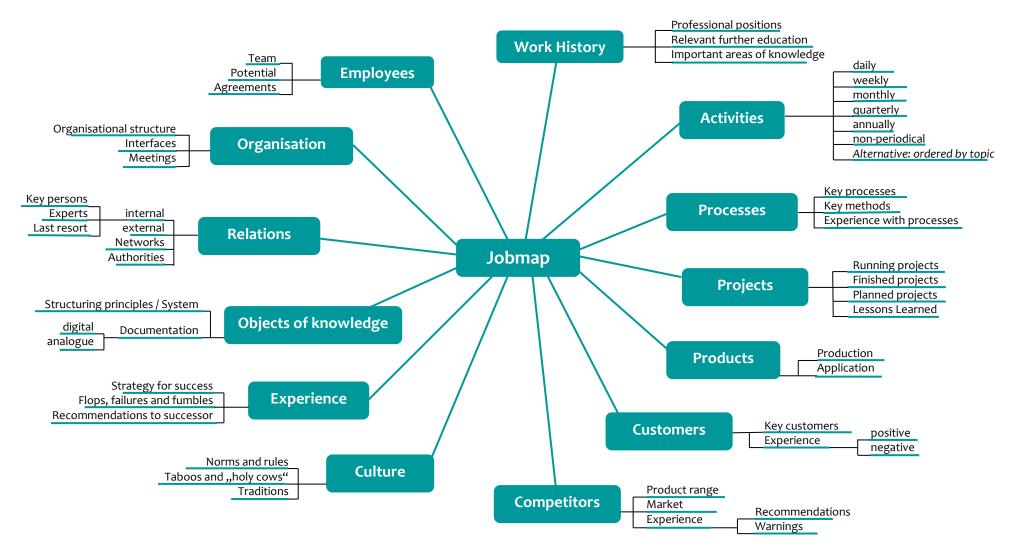


The Jobmap



inspired by: Mittelmann: Werkzeugkasten Wissensmanagement, p. 101

The Jobmap



The jobmap is an instrument which serves the purpose to systematically save and document the knowledge of a departing employee. Originally, the method derives from the Expert Debriefing which was developed by the founders of Cogneon at Audi AG. Within a structured knowledge transfer the jobmap is filled by a moderator who facilitates the conversation between a knowledge bearer (= departing employee) and a knowledge taker (= successor). A thematically uninvolved moderator has the advantage that he or she can focus solely on guiding and documenting the conversation. Furthermore, it is easier to ask also "stupid" questions.

A jobmap comprises the explicit as well as the tacit knowledge of the knowledge bearer. Through the predesigned structure of the jobmap all areas of knowledge can be walked through systematically and one after the other. Nevertheless, it is also possible to change between the different areas of knowledge – depending on the current topic of the conversation. If the time for a knowledge transfer is short, a prioritisation of the relevant topics is possible.

For the **documentation** the **freeware-program XMind** is used. The **location** for the knowledge transfer should be in a **quiet room** with **little disturbances** that **contains** optimally **a beamer**. Through the **projection** of the written documentation **all participants** of the transfer **can read** the **documentation in real time**. Furthermore, it is possible to perform the knowledge transfer **online via a web-conferencing-platform** (e.g. *Zoom* or *MS Teams*).

The jobmap is a **living document** that can be **continuously actualised and adapted** with the information of the knowledge area. Following the knowledge transfer, the jobmap can be **stored digitally** (as an **excel sheet** or a **digital mind map**) but also **analogically** (e.g. **as printed folder**) which sometimes makes the look-up of topics for the successor easier.

References:

Angelika Mittelmann: Werkzeugkasten Wissensmanagement (Books on Demand), 2011